HASKAYNE SCHOOL OF BUSINESS

Alliance Pipeline Seminar Series

Airships: An Idea whose time has come



Dr. Barry E. Prentice Professor Transport Institute

January 22, 2016





If a transportation technology existed that could 1) lower freight rates, 2) expand international trade, 3) increase employment, 4) solve northern logistical problems, and 5) greatly reduce carbon emissions, who would not want to embrace the idea?

Triple Bottom-line Assessment

Environment: Can transport airships reduce environmental impact and cut carbon emissions?

Economy: Can airships increase trade, competitiveness and industrial growth?

Society: Can an airship industry create employment and investment opportunities, improve living standards and reduce risk?



Distribution of greenhouse gas emissions by economic sector, Canada, 2013

Airships can carry low pressure hydrogen fuel tanks without compromising the space available for cargo

Shipping Emissions Factors:

- Air cargo 1.527 kg CO2 per Ton-Mile*
- Sea freight 0.048 kg CO2 per Ton-Mile*
- H2 Airship 0.000 kg CO2 per Ton-Mile

* Source: http://carbonfund.org

1670 Francisco de Lana



Santos Dumont First dirigible airship



Buoyant Aircraft History 1919 R.34 First Atlantic Crossing both ways R34



Norge First flight across the North Pole



Graf Zeppelin First Circumnavigation of the world



1930 R100 – Flight to Canada 1935

DZR Regular air passenger service across the Atlantic



LM P-791 flight

2006



- Strength:
 - Robust, lightweight materials
 - Carbon fibre composites
 - All aluminum rigid designs
- Control:
 - Vectoring motors/engines
 - Modern avionics/hydraulics
 - GPS
- Safety:
 - Computer design tools
 - 100 years of aviation research
 - Satellite weather information
 - No human contact during ground handling
 - Gas "sniffers"
 - Static electricity control





P-791 (Lockheed-Martin)

N141D6

DynaLifter

228

Atlant-30 (RosAero-Systems)



Experimental Airships



Airship do Brasil

ED STATES ANY

Aeroscraft (Worldwide Aeros)

RECON DEEAM

LEMV (Hybrid Air Vehicles)

Conceptual Designs









Search for the Dominant Airship Design

- Structure
 - Rigid
 - Inflated
- Buoyancy control
 - Ballast
 - Compression of gas
 - Heating of gas
 - Venting of gas
 - Propulsion
- Shape
 - Cigar
 - Catamaran
 - Disk

- Flight Control
 - Fins
 - Thrusters
- Lifting gas
 - Helium
 - Hydrogen
- Materials
 - Metal
 - Composites
 - Nanotubes
- Propulsion
 - Turbines
 - Diesel
 - Electric

- Human Factors
 - Pilots
 - UAV
- Manufacturing
 - Robotics
 - Manual Assembly
- Maintenance
 - Inspection
 - Repair
- Economics
 - Cost
 - Performance



Hydrogen for Fuel and Lift

<u>Helium</u>

- Inert
- Rare/finite
- Expensive
- Unreliable supply

Hydrogen

- Flammable
- Endless supply
- 1/100 cost of helium
- 10% more gross lift
- Zero GHG emissions

Hydrogen is not an acceptable lifting gas for use in airships. Canadian Air Regulation 541.7





BREAKDOWN OF CONTROLS CAUSE OF "ROMA" DISASTER LADIES' NIGHT AT TWO "SPECIALS" Early Investigation Shows Definitely Cause of Crash of Army Dirigible, It is Alleged-Inquiry, However, Pro-

REINSTATED

Civil Service Commission

Notifies Chief Conlon

to That Effect.

Daily Enterprise.

MASONIC CLUB

- h - h + 12 +

make him in

A CALLER OF

Army Dirigible, It Is Alleged-Inquiry, However, Proceeding Behinil Closed Doors-Lieut, Fisher Says He Is Sure There Was No Criminal Negligence - Declares "Roma" Was All Right When It Left Newport News Last Tuesday.

WO CENTS.

(By the Associated Press) NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 23. - Members of the army inver-

tigating hoard continued today their efforts to determine in the Constant of the definite and primary cause of the disaster which over-the definite and primary cause of the disaster which over-took the giant army dirigible Roma here. Tuesday, when took the giant army dirigible Roma here. Tuesday, when any arms are the set of the parameters and rever met death and the world's

largest semi-rigid alreraft was demolished.

That the fatal crash followed a breakdown of the con-Training the altitude of the craft, appeared today to have been definitely established in the testimony thu sing his day off. s on duty mins

The inquiry is proceeding behind closed doors. Mean fur given. while at Newport News, where the dead were taken, rel tives and friends continued to arrive today to identify t

bodies and make arrangement for their removal to hop for burial.

NEWPORT NEWE VA. Fob IL-

Roma Accident, 1922

to the pand of the

wardtring !!

Source of the US ban on the use of hydrogen as a lifting gas in airships

Fuel Safety Comparisons

	<u>Hydrogen</u>	<u>Gasoline Vapor</u>	<u>Natural Gas</u>
Flammability Limits (concentration in air)	4-74%	1.4-7.6%	5.3-15%
Explosion Limits (concentration in air)	18.3-59.0%	1.1-3.3%	5.7-14%
Stoichiometric Mixture (most easily ignited in air)	29%	2%	9%

http://www.tc.gc.ca/eng/programs/environment-etv-vehicles-hydrogen-eng-435.htm Source: www.HydrogenAssociation.org www.eere.energy.gov/hydrogenandfuelcells

Vertical Control

- Changing weight
 - ballast
 - cargo
- Altering displacement of the lifting gas
 - heating
 - compressing
 - venting
- Engine propulsion (fuel consumption)



Ground Handling Landing Mooring Cargo Transshipment



Mast-and-Track Zeppelin Ground Handling System





Landing, Mooring and Cargo Exchange at a Turntable Airdock



Mooring the airship MB 310 using winches



Rotating the turntable to point airship's nose in the direction of wind



Unloading the Cargo using a forklift trailer

Cold Weather Considerations

- Snow clearance
- De-icing/icing prevention for essential systems, e.g. valves
- Maintenance with heavy clothing and gloves
- Prevention of ice build-up in flight
- Cockpit windows de-icing/de-misting
- Pre-heat for starting
- Gondola heating
- Heating/anti-freeze for fluid systems and water ballast







Transportation Hazards

Heavy Equipment



Resource Opportunities and Sustainable Development

Indivisible Loads

Infrastructure Gaps and Transportation Cost Barriers

Fuel and Camp Supplies

Large volumes

Limited Transportation Options for Northern Canada

Fort McMurray Airship Gateway to the North

Gateways

- -Located at the edge of a region
- -Offers some route advantage
- -One-sided, funnel shaped hinterland
- -Creates employment in transshipment and distribution services

Current Transoceanic Shipment

Transoceanic Freight Market with Transport Airships

Agricultural Trade Opportunity

Transport South beef, pork and dairy products

Employment, Investment, Standard of Living and Risk

Hindenburg (1937) Last Successful Zeppelin AVRO C102 (1949) First Jet Airliner in North America

Advantages of Jet Airliners over Airships, Flying Boats and Piston Airplanes

<u>Supply</u>

- Surplus pilots and mechanics
- New concrete landing strips

Air Technology Race: 1936-2016

Reasons for Renewed interest in Airships

- Growth of Air Cargo demand
- Need for access to remote areas
- Concerns about climate change
 - Jet airplane carbon emissions
 - Unreliability of ice roads and melting permafrost
- New materials and airship designs
 - Stronger, lighter structures
 - Autonomous landing (GPS/vectored engines)

Employment/Investment Opportunity

Total Sales 36 airships at \$30 million each: \$1.08 Billion

Direct Impact

Manufacturing employment @400 per 12 airships: 1,200 FTE

- Tier 1, 2 and 3 suppliers
- R&D and Universities
- Pilots, ground crew and mgt @ 8 per airship Construction Airdocks @ 1 per 24 airships Total

Induced Impact

Transport costs (50% fixed and 50% variable) Transport costs are about 5 % of product prices Induced Employment \$2 Billion\$40 Billion GDP~ 40,000 FTE

Social Impact on Northern Communities

	Basic Foods	St.Theresa Point	<u>Winnipeg</u>
•	Milk 4 Litres	\$ 12.19	\$ 3.48
•	Tomatoes	\$ 3.80 lb	\$ 1.99 lb
•	Bananas	\$ 2.31 lb	\$ 0.59 lb
•	Apples, Macintosh	\$ 2.94 lb	\$ 1.29 lb
•	Head Lettuce	\$ 2.69 each	\$ 1.49 each
•	Bread 60%	\$ 2.49 each	\$ 0.99 each
•	Ground Beef	\$ 9.19 Kilo	\$ 4.29 Kilo
•	Red Potatoes	\$ 1.60 lb	\$ 0.79 lb
•	Cheerios	\$ 8.45 box	\$ 3.50 box
•	Coke 2 Litres	\$ 7.99	\$ 2.09
•	Coffee	\$ 11.89 Kilo	\$ 6.99 Kilo
T	otal Basket	\$ 65.54	\$ 27.49

Food Prices, Health and Housing

Risks of Climate Change to Ice Roads

Risks of Climate Change: Sovereignty and Pollution

Total extent = 4.6 million sq km

median ice edge

Risks of Climate Change to Existing Infrastructure

Damage Caused by Permafrost Thaw in NWT Source: Natural Resources Canada

The Case for H₂ Transport Airships

- Zero carbon emissions
- No impact on terrain
- Low infrastructure cost
- Large bulky load capacity
- Reduced freight rates
- Year-round service to the North
- Job creation (manufacturing, operations)
- Responsible resource development
- Increased international trade
- Mitigation of climate change risks

This is not rocket science.

It's just balloon science.

Golden Age of Aviation

